Bloom's Taxonomy for Learning Objectives and Course Descriptions

Category	Example and Key Words (verbs)
Remembering : Recall previous learned information.	Examples : Recites policy about sustainable energy regulation. Quotes prices from memory to a customer. Knows the safety rules.
	Key Words : defines, describes, identifies, knows, labels, lists, matches, names, outlines, recalls, recognizes, reproduces, selects, states.
Understanding : Comprehending the meaning, translation, interpolation, and interpretation of instructions and problems. State a problem in one's own words.	Examples : Rewrites the principles of test writing. Explain in one's own words the steps for performing a complex task. Translates an equation into a computer spreadsheet.
	Key Words : comprehends, converts, defends, distinguishes, estimates, explains, extends, generalizes, gives an example, infers, interprets, paraphrases, predicts, rewrites, summarizes, translates.
Applying : Use a concept in a new situation or unprompted use of an abstraction. Applies what was learned in the classroom into novel situations in the work place.	Examples : Uses a manual to calculate an employee's vacation time. Applies laws of statistics to evaluate the reliability of a written test.
	Key Words : applies, changes, computes, constructs, demonstrates, discovers, manipulates, modifies, operates, predicts, prepares, produces, relates, shows, solves, uses.
Analyzing : Separates material or concepts into component parts so that its organizational structure may be understood. Distinguishes between facts and inferences.	Examples : Troubleshoots a piece of equipment by using logical deduction. Recognizes logical fallacies in reasoning. Gathers information from a department and selects the required tasks for training.
	Key Words : analyzes, breaks down, compares, contrasts, diagrams, deconstructs, differentiates, discriminates, distinguishes, identifies, illustrates, infers, outlines, relates, selects, separates.
Evaluating : Make judgments about the value of ideas or materials.	Examples : Selects the most effective solution. Hires the most qualified candidate. Explains and justifies a new budget.
	Key Words : appraises, compares, concludes, contrasts, criticizes, critiques, defends, describes, discriminates, evaluates, explains, interprets, justifies, relates, summarizes, supports.
Creating : Builds a structure or pattern from diverse elements. Put parts together to form a whole, with emphasis on creating a new meaning or structure.	Examples : Writes a company operations or process manual. Designs a machine to perform a specific task. Integrates training from several sources to solve a problem. Revises and process to improve the outcome.
	Key Words : categorizes, combines, compiles, composes, creates, devises, designs, explains, generates, modifies, organizes, plans, rearranges, reconstructs, relates, reorganizes, revises, rewrites, summarizes, tells, writes.